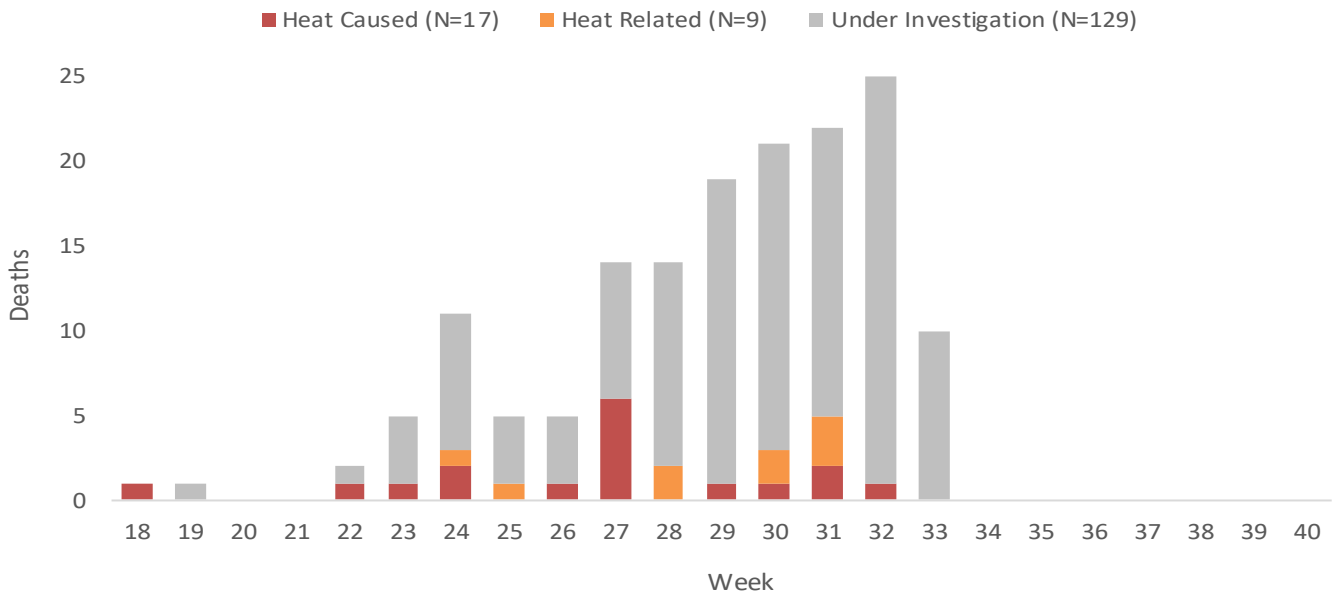


Maricopa County Department of Public Health (MCDPH) conducts weekly heat associated mortality surveillance. The enhanced heat surveillance season usually begins in May and ends in October. This heat season (5/1/2019 - 9/30/2019), there have been a total of **26 confirmed heat associated deaths**. Cooling and hydration stations in Maricopa County are open to the public throughout the heat season. For more information on Heat, please visit <http://heataz.org>.

Graph 1. There have been 26 confirmed heat-associated deaths in Maricopa County this heat season as of 8/17/19

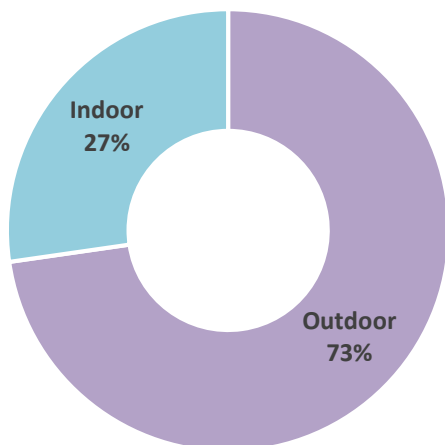


\*3 cases under investigation from March and 2 confirmed heat-caused cases from April excluded from graph.

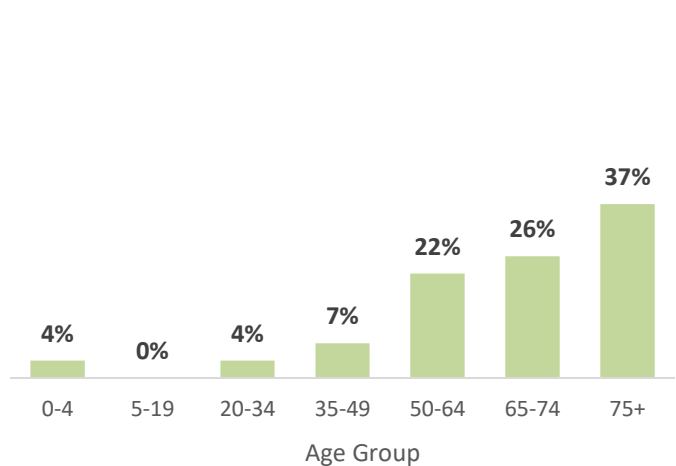
Table 1. Summary of 2019 and 2018 heat-associated cases during the same weeks.

	2019 Cases			2018 Cases		
	Confirmed	Under Investigation	First Confirmed	Confirmed	Under Investigation	First Confirmed
Annual Total	28	132	4/13/2019	9	126	05/21/2018

Graph 2. Seventy-three percent of heat-associated deaths have had an injury place outdoors.



Graph 3. The highest proportion of heat-associated deaths are among those age 75 or older.

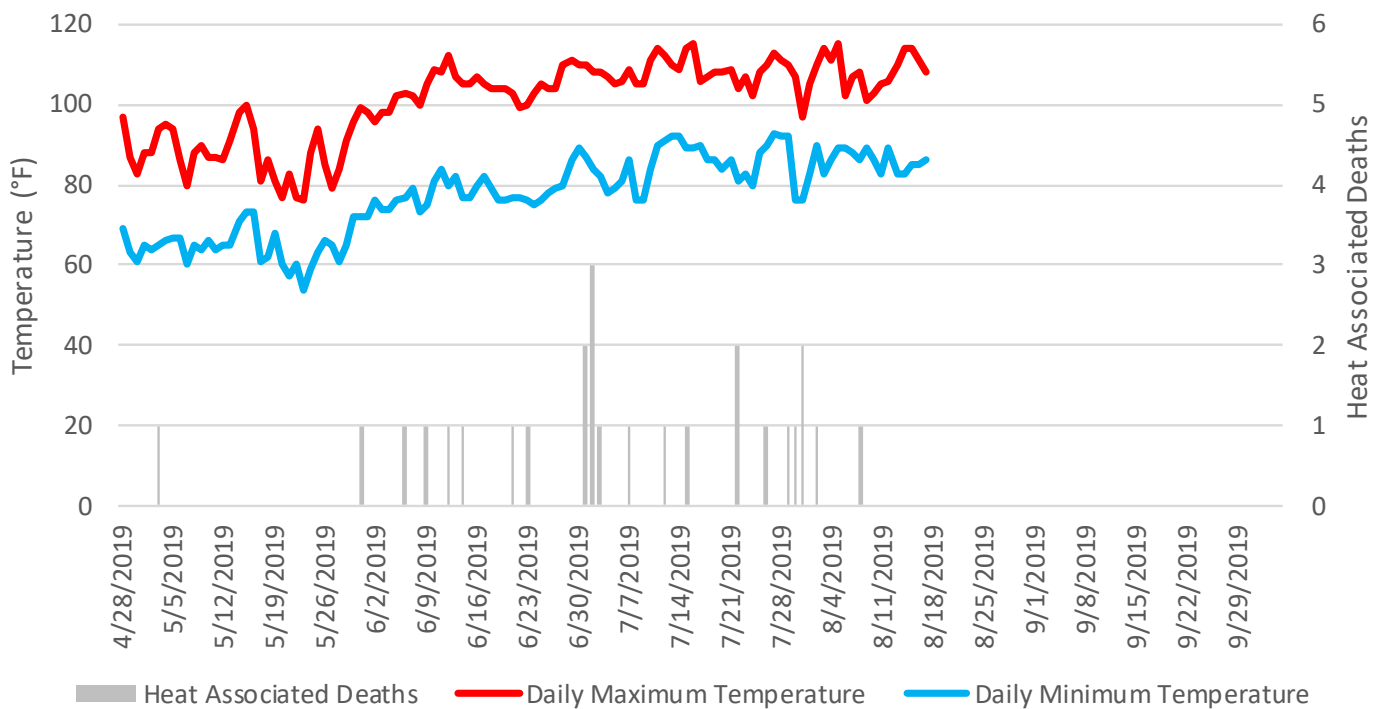


## HEAT ASSOCIATED DEATHS & HOSPITAL VISITS 2019 WEEKLY REPORT WEEK 33 (08/11-08/17)

Table 2. Air condition status among heat-associated indoor deaths, Maricopa County 2019

Air Conditioning Status	Count	Percentage
Air Conditioning Present	0	0%
Non-Functioning	0	0%
No Electricity	0	0%
Blowing Hot Air	0	0%
Not in Use	0	0%
Unknown	0	0%
Air Conditioning Not Present	0	0%
Unknown	0	0%
<b>Total Indoor Deaths</b>	<b>0</b>	

Graph 4. The first heat associated death occurred in April (not graphed).



\*Counts are preliminary and may increase as additional data are received.

**Heat Caused (HC):** Cases that mention heat or heat exposure in Part I of the death certificate causes of death (diseases or conditions in the direct sequence causing death), for variables cod\_a, cod\_b, cod\_c, or cod\_d. County of death: Maricopa.

**Heat Related (HR):** Cases that mention heat exposure in Part II of the death certificate causes of death (diseases and conditions contributing but not directly resulting in the death sequence), but not in any of the Part I variables (cod\_a, cod\_b, cod\_c, or cod\_d). County of death: Maricopa.

**Under Investigation (UI):** Cases the Maricopa County Office of Medical Examiner suspects are heat associated deaths.

Data Sources: Maricopa County, Office of Vital Registration and Office of Medical Examiner; Arizona Department of Health Services, Office of Vital Registration

# HEAT ASSOCIATED DEATHS & HOSPITAL VISITS

2019 WEEKLY SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE REPORT WEEK 33 (8/11/19-8/17/19)

Figure 1. Daily percentage of hospital visits due to heat-related illness (HRI) with maximum and minimum daily temperatures, 5/1/2019 – 9/30/2019

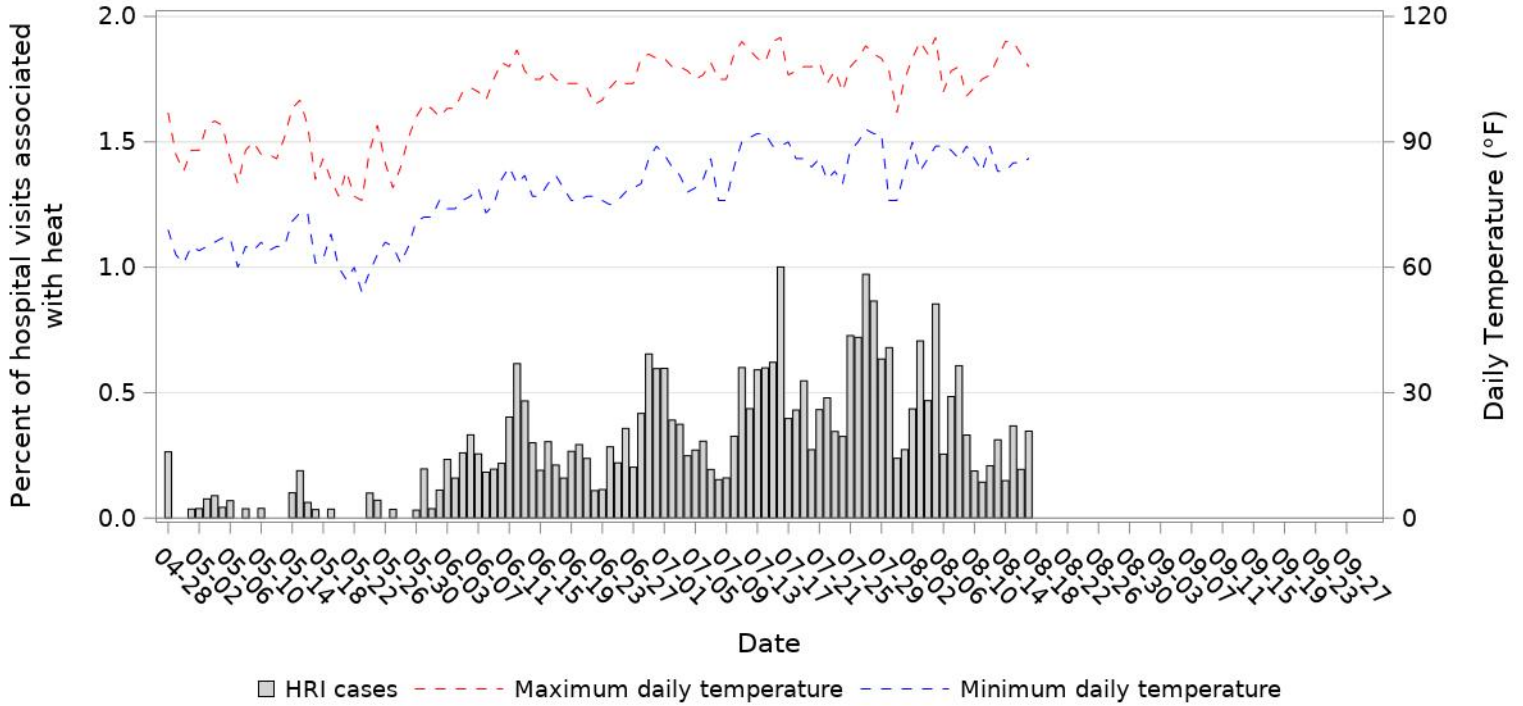


Figure 2. Heat-related illness visits by gender

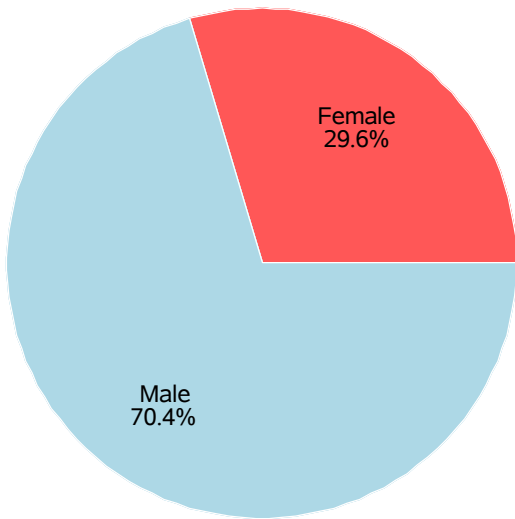
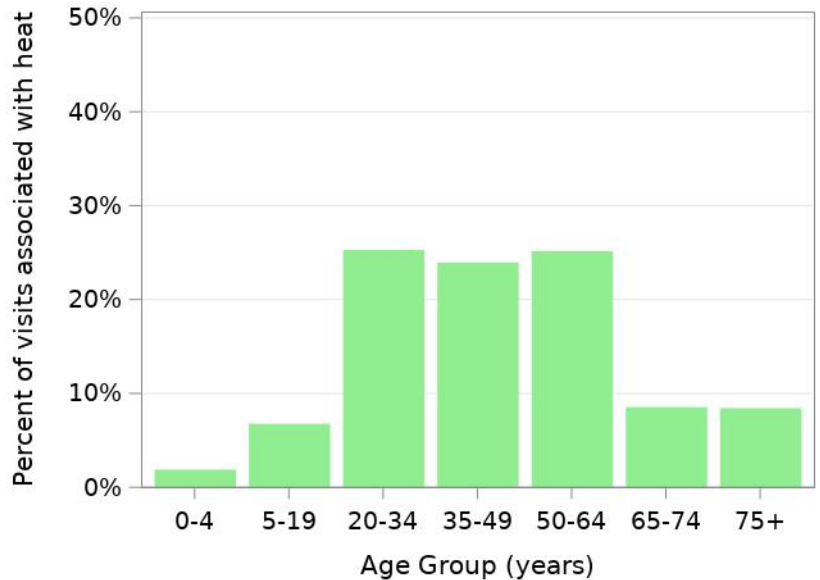


Figure 3. Heat-related illness visits by age group



The figures and tables on this page summarize the percentage of emergency department and inpatient hospital visits for individuals experiencing heat-related illnesses (HRI) according to the BioSense data from 15 Maricopa County emergency department and inpatient hospitals. Prior to May 2019, 13 Maricopa County hospitals reported to BioSense. Included are daily maximum and minimum temperatures as well as selected demographics. The BioSense Platform ESSENCE tool locates heat-related illness visits by identifying key terms and codes within the chief complaint field (i.e., the patient's stated reason for visit), admission reason field (i.e., the provider's noted reason for admission), and discharge diagnosis code field (i.e., ICD-9-CM and ICD-10-CM codes). Data presented are preliminary and may have slight variations each week.